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DAKIN'S new "Lion" BATH BRUSH, with handle, price 75 cents.

Also on hand a very large selection of FLESH BRUSHES, GLOVES, STRAPS, PADS, &c.

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(Telephone No. 60.) Hongkong, 10th July, 1889.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LD.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

MANUFACTURERS OF AERATED WATERS.

OUR AERATED WATER MANUFACTORY is complete with the best Machinery, embodying all the latest improvements in the trade.

The greatest attention has been paid to appliances for ensuring purity in the water supply, to secure which we have added a Condenser capable of supplying us with 3,000 gallons of distilled water a day, and are now in a position to compete in quality with the best English Makers. Our Sweet Waters cannot be surpassed anywhere.

The purest ingredients only are used, and the utmost care and cleanliness are exercised in the manufacture throughout.

FOR COAST PORTS, Waters are packed and placed on board ship at Hongkong prices, and the full amount allowed for Packages and Empties when received in good order.

Counterfoil Order Books supplied on application.

COAST PORT ORDERS, whenever practicable, are despatched by first steamer leaving after receipt of order.

Our Registered Telegraphic Address is, "DISPENSARY HONGKONG," and all telegrams sent to this will receive prompt attention.

The following is a list of Wares always kept ready in Stock:

PURE AERATED WATER, SODA WATER, LEMONADE, POTASH WATER, SELTZER WATER, LITHIA WATER, SARSAPARILLA WATER, TONIC WATER, GINGER ALE, GINGERADE.

No Credit given for bottles that are dirty or empty, or that appear to have been used for any other purpose than that of containing AERATED WATER, as such bottles are never used again by us.

WATSON'S PURE FRUIT CORDIALS, Prepared from the Juice of the finest selected Fresh Fruit.

Raspberry, Strawberry, Damson, Black Currant, Red Currant, Orleans Plum.

A table-spoonful more or less according to taste added to a tumbler of plain or aerated water forms a delicious beverage. The addition of Wines or Spirits produce excellent and piquant results.

Price, 75 Cents per Bottle, or \$7.50 per dozen Case Assorted.

RASPBERRY SYRUP, STRAWBERRY SYRUP, RASPBERRY VINEGAR, Price, \$1 per Bottle.

For imparting a delicious flavour to AERATED WATERS, SUMMER DRINKS, &c., &c.

Sole Agents for Hongkong and China for MONTERRAT LIME FRUIT JUICE CORDIALS.

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd., Hongkong, China, and Manila.

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

It is requested that all communications relating to Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c., be addressed to the "Manager, Hongkong Telegraph," and not to the Editor.

Letters on Editorial matters to be sent to "The Editor" and not to individual members of the staff.

Communications intended for publication must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication; but as evidence of good faith.

While the columns of the Hongkong Telegraph will always be open for the fair discussion of all questions affecting public interests, it must be distinctly understood that the Editor does not in any way hold himself responsible for opinions thus expressed.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements are required to forward all orders intended for insertion in that day's issue not later than Three o'clock so as not to retard the early publication of the paper.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.

The Hongkong Telegraph has the largest circulation of any English newspaper published in the Far East, and is therefore the best medium for Advertisers. Terms can be learnt on application.

The Hongkong Telegraph's number at the Telephone Central Exchange is No. 1.

MARRIAGE.

At Her Britannic Majesty's Consulate, Amoy, HENRY JAMES WOOD, of Bristol, head constable of the Amoy Municipal Police, to ALICE ROSA, daughter of William Gordon Bennett, Esq., of New Jersey, U.S.A.

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## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

AN eminent authority informs us that it is no longer considered a part of a girl's education to have her ears pierced.

ENGLISH girls who have a fancy for the unique, now wear as a part of their yachting costume, under a short jacket, a shirt made like a man's.

And why not?

OMAHA Judge—You must not waste much time in reiteration. That's the eleventh time you have explained that point to the jury. Omaha Attorney—You Honor will please to observe that the jury is composed of twelve.

MISS HARRITT HOSMER is authority for the statement that the Greeks thought the perfect woman should have thick ankles, a big waist, square feet, and stubby, square fingers. We suppose Miss Hosmer is "built that way."

EUROPE has according to latest returns, 129,129 miles of railroad. Austria-Hungary leads with 45,313 miles, and Germany is second with 34,571. France is third with 21,450 miles, Great Britain fourth with 19,674, and Russia stands fifth with 17,710 miles.

CANADA is following closely in the footsteps of the United States as a go-ahead country. In Montreal there has lately been established an association for the professional education of women, which fits members for different branches of professional life. They won't be satisfied with a divided skirt ten years hence.

AN effort is to be made in Iowa to strip the law of its nonsense. Lawyers declare that deeds, warrants and all other legal papers can be cut down one-half in the amount of verbiage, and that the same effect will be produced by the use of plain English.

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THE ROPE "CORNER" CASE.

THE VERDICT OF THE JURY.

THE sensational case of *Potts v. Rustonjoe* was again the subject of general conversation to-day.

The first witness called this morning was Mr. H. R. Rustonjoe, who said:—I am the Secretary to the China Traders Insurance Co. I recall being asked by Mr. Rustonjoe in the last week in February to procure Rope shares for him. I saw Mr. R. Shewan on the subject. I asked Mr. Potts in the ordinary course of conversation at an earlier date, if he were interested in Rope, but he said he was not. I asked Mr. Shewan if he was prepared to sell a number of shares to Mr. Rustonjoe, and at what figure. He asked me to name a rate and I said \$130; but he would not listen to it, and the conversation terminated. He did not name a price, but at a subsequent interview, in the early part of March, he mentioned \$130. I had no dealings in Rope, directly or indirectly. Prices were fluctuating very greatly at the time. Mr. Rustonjoe said he was prepared to buy a thousand shares at \$130, but I was not to mention the number until I got a quotation.

By the Attorney-General:—I asked Mr. Potts before I had spoken to Mr. Rustonjoe, at all about Rope.

Mr. C. A. Tomes said:—I am a partner in the firm of Russell and Co., general managers of the Rope Manufacturing Co. They are required to hold 50 shares by the Articles of Association. At the end of January I sold 250 shares. On the 12th of February I sold 420 to Mr. Potts, having bought eighty at \$125 that day or the day before. I sold all I had. I did not buy any more before the meeting of shareholders. On the 8th March some might have stood in my name on the register, not having been transferred. I attended the meeting as a shareholder and, I believe, voted. I did so because the shares still stood in my name. I could have voted as representing the firm. The Chairman, Mr. Forbes, represented the firm. I believe I did vote, though I did not own any shares.

The Attorney-General thought he could, but Mr. Francis contended that he could not.

Witness:—I was paid for the shares by four cheques. I took it that way partly to suit my own convenience and partly to oblige Mr. Potts. I bought the shares from Mr. Coxon. Mr. Potts came to me and asked me if I would sell any shares. He said he thought he could get \$170 for me. I did not know that he was buying on his own account. I did not know who was the buyer.

Mr. Francis apologized for having associated Mr. Tomes' name with the rest in the answer. The defence acted on miscellaneous information which it was impossible to sift out, and so they were to some extent justified in putting the name in. He could only apologise for having allowed any imputation to rest on his name during the last month.

Mr. Tomes:—That is no satisfaction to me. By the Attorney-General: I would not sell him the shares for himself. It was at my request that one cheque for \$10,000 was divided; possibly all four.

Mr. T. H. Whitehead said:—I am the manager of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China. I recall Mr. Potts and Mr. Shewan applying to me for advance on shares on the 12th of February; 200 shares were mentioned—a minimum; possibly 2,500. Mr. Shewan made the application, and on my not entertaining the proposal favourably Mr. Potts said he could give me names with which I should be satisfied. I understood that Mr. Shewan applied on behalf of his friends, and that Mr. Potts was interested. I believe he made a separate application, but I have no recollection of it. I do not remember whether it was before or after Mr. Shewan's application.

Mr. Potts' remark about furnishing good names referred to the 200 shares. I wrote Mr. Shewan a letter the same afternoon, of which I have a copy here. I was rather disgusted at such an application should have been made by two assistants in any firm in Hongkong.

By the Attorney-General:—They came just before I left. It is not a fact that Mr. Potts came, first and made an application on his own account. He talked in a general way possibly about the weather—till Mr. Shewan came in. I am prepared to swear that he did not make a separate application first for a loan on 420 shares. I believe he did at a subsequent date. I have no record of any application at any time. Mr. Shewan made a mistake when he stated that a joint application was never made. I am positive that Mr. Potts did not make a separate application on the 12th of February. I was informed that Mr. Shewan went first to one of the sub-managers, and was referred to me. The way the information as to the interview got out was that at that time several brokers came to me in connection with Rope transactions, and said that the Bank was alleged to be supporting what is known as a "corner." I emphatically denied the statement, and showed one or two of them the letter I had written to Mr. Shewan, simply concealing the names. I may have mentioned the matter outside—I felt very indignant at the application. It is my duty as a bank manager to keep secret all transactions which may injure the Bank's clients, but I did not do so in self-defence. I do not recollect to whom I mentioned the matter. I did not disclose the names of Mr. Shewan or Mr. Potts—I recollect putting a piece of blotting-paper over the name. I may have mentioned their names outside; it is not likely, as I am particularly careful not to do so, but will not swear I did not. The reason I refused Mr. Potts' application on a later date was because I did not approve of the transaction, and the amount was rather large. I do not recollect the date of this second interview—it was about the middle of February. As far as I can recollect it was a few days after the joint application, and it was quite possible that having made a joint application and been refused, Mr. Shewan might have been referred elsewhere. I am not quite certain that it was after the 12th of February it might have been, but I cannot recollect. I have myself never bought or sold a Rope share.

Re-examined:—Mr. Shewan's admission that the application might have been a joint one is correct.

Mr. E. J. Coxon said:—I am a broker. I recollect putting through a transaction of 75 shares at \$200 cash on the 12th of February. Mr. Shewan was the purchaser.

Saul Abdullah Joseph said:—I am a partner with Mr. Frederick Joseph, a broker. I remember purchasing 100 shares at \$100 on the 6th of February. Mr. Legge, at the end of the month I found they were resold by Mr. Shewan. On the 7th I purchased 35 for \$103, and resold them to Mr. Shewan. On the 12th or 13th, 50 shares at \$200 were sold by Mr. Legge on behalf of Mr. Shewan and we bought for Mr. Shewan. I had a transaction in 125 shares at \$120 on the 12th—I "financed" fifty of them—I bought at \$120, and resold them for cash, and took them back at the end of the month at \$123. I did it for Mr. Shewan. Mr. Danby, and requested me to "carry" them for him, or get some one to do it. I meant that I had to give the money and hold the shares at his disposal. I arranged to carry fifty myself, and sold the rest for the end of the month at \$120 and re-bought them at \$123. I got the money for the sale, and owed it till the end of March. I practically paid \$3 per share for the accommodation. I did not take delivery at the end of the month and asked the seller, as I anticipated some trouble to hold them till the 1st of April. I never had instructions to buy Rope at any price. I bought 50 at \$110 on the 8th of March.

By the Attorney-General:—They were not purchased for any of the members of Russell's office.

Frank Grimble said:—I am book-keeper to the Dock Company. I was for about seven years in Messrs. Russell's office, a left about two years ago. I have dealt in Rope shares this year. My only record of my transactions is my draft book. I tore my contracts up. I bought about 300 for cash in January, and about as many for the end of January. I don't think I bought more than 200 in January, for March, but Shewan also bought other shares in 200 of which I had an interest. I gave him half of the month. We sold what we bought for cash. I gave the Bank a cheque for \$12,000, and a few days later got a cheque back for \$13,500. I divided the \$1,500 with Mr. Shewan. We had sold at a few points advance. I bought a number from Stokes and Young at \$108, and 200 from Mr. Perry. That was my last transaction. Those I paid for I put into the Chartered Bank. Mr. Shewan never had any of my scrip under his control. I had no difficulty in handing over some shares at the end of March—there was a day. Mr. Shewan had to give me the balance of 200

shares which I had sold at \$104 to Mr. Duer. I had to receive them personally. I went round to him with Toeg, and he said there seemed to be a difficulty in getting them, and I must wait. I went on Monday, as I was pressed; I gave Toeg an order on Shewan for them, and he got them. Shewan said he had not got his shares in. He did not object to my selling. I told Mr. Toeg it was all right. Mr. Toeg was a little upset, as he had signed a cheque, and the difference was \$10,000. There has not been a disagreement between myself and Mr. Shewan, but we are not friendly. The cause was that I would never tell him what I was doing in Rope. In January he did not advise me to hold on; he said he thought they would go up, and the shares would rise. Mr. Shewan's statement that I agreed to let him know what I was doing was wrong; that was the cause of the misunderstanding, because I never would let any one know what I was doing in any shares. I never sent a message to Mr. Rustonjoe through Mr. Gubby advising him not to settle, and promising to break up the "ring" by selling my shares. I sold them all openly. I sold through brokers, and did not receive any guarantees from any Chinaman securing me. I know Mr. Perry. I did not learn how many shares he held. I bought 300 at \$110 from him in February, for March. I did not sell him any.

By the Attorney-General:—I received a message from someone about giving evidence in this case. Mr. Danby brought it. I thought it was from Mr. Francis. It ran as follows:—It is very awkward for you to have all your shares transferred to me for advance on shares on the 12th of February; 200 shares were mentioned—a minimum; possibly 2,500. Mr. Shewan made the application, and on my not entertaining the proposal favourably Mr. Potts said he could give me names with which I should be satisfied. I understood that Mr. Shewan applied on behalf of his friends, and that Mr. Potts was interested. I believe he made a separate application, but I have no recollection of it. I do not remember whether it was before or after Mr. Shewan's application.

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Re-examined:—Mr. Shewan's admission that the application might have been a joint one is correct.



means. With regard to the damages to which the plaintiff was entitled, Mr. Pollock went into a bewildering array of figures. When he sat down his lordship commenced to sum up the lateness of the hour prevents us from giving a fuller report of his address to the jury, but briefly, it was as follows:—The action was one for the recovery of the difference on fifty Rope shares sold in January, and one question to be considered was whether or not the contract was void on the ground of conspiracy and fraud. The learned counsel, in commenting on the case, had commented on particular acts and conduct, sometimes in strong terms, in what, on the face of it, might not be a very moral transaction. They had to draw the line between what the law allowed and recognized and what it did not. The plaintiff, Mr. R. Shewan, the alleged confederate, his brother, Mr. Duer, Mr. Watson, and Mr. Grimble, were all in a way connected with the business and management of the Company. Mr. Grimble, it was true, was not at the time of the action connected with it, but he had been an employee in Messrs. Russell's office, and was often there, associating with the others, so that he was not distinguished from them. Messrs. Russell and Co. were the general managers of the Company. Plaintiff had been examined as to his knowledge of the Company's concerns there was no reason why he should not have known all about it—it was perfectly legitimate. The Company was comparatively prosperous, having decreased its debt up to the end 1887 to \$5,000, and having a stock of cheap hemp. Mr. Shewan, who conducted the correspondence and Mr. Potts, who insured the stock, had special knowledge of the Company's prosperity, and there was really nothing in law to prevent their utilizing that knowledge. From their information they had reason to believe that the Company was doing well, and Mr. Shewan, in January, if not before, came to the conclusion that it would be a very good thing to buy up all the shares he could get. Now whether it was a satisfactory thing for clerks employed in offices in that way to use the knowledge which they gained in the course of their duties was entirely irrelevant to the issue—he knew of no law which forbade a man making a purchase of any sort and using private knowledge respecting the value of his purchase. It did not matter how the plaintiff got his information—whether through his official connection with Russell & Co. or not, and although it might be, and as he knew, was, objectionable in the eyes of Russell & Co., it did not at all affect the validity of the contract. He thought it necessary to say that; he did not say that the knowledge would not be material in one sense, and it had been strongly commented on—as shewing the legal bearing of the question. He got the information, and there was no legal liability to disclose it, for there was no law which said that it was improper to use it. It was difficult to keep the questions of conspiracy and the validity of the contract notes separate. He could conceive it possible that if that was done Mr. Potts, Mr. Shewan, and the rest could make a contract and then, after making it impossible for the other side to carry it out, and then be excluded from saying that they were injured by the non-observance of the contract. The plaintiff had told them that he did not know Mr. Ruston had not the shares. The latter had admitted having been a large holder of shares, and having a large quantity immediately before the contract was made, so that it was reasonable to suppose that whatever his position was at the time he bargained with the plaintiff the latter had reason to believe that he was able to perform his contract. So that really there was no case of conspiracy, or confederacy, on whatever they liked to call it, on the 16th January. Putting that question by, they were confronted by the question as to whether there was any combination at a later date, by an agreement to hold shares, or prevent other people from buying them. This question did not affect the validity of the contract but it would have a very serious bearing on the question of damages. If the plaintiff was a party to a confederacy which promulgated its own prices, which did not represent the *bona fide* value of the shares, the plaintiff could not quote those figures as market prices, and as a standard of the value. He did not think it was important for the purposes of the case; whether a combination was entered into or not. But it was very material to say if there was a combination. Matters of that kind were proverbially difficult to prove. It was for the jury to say, taking all the facts into consideration, and viewing the whole conduct of the parties, whether they were combined for the purposes suggested. His lordship then reviewed the history of the transaction, in the course of which he commented upon the fact that Mr. Francis had promised to put Mr. Perry in the box and had not done so, which Mr. Francis explained by saying that it was for the other side to have called him. His lordship still held that Mr. Perry ought to have been called. Continuing, he referred to the absence of any reliable quotations of the shares after February, and the difficulty of fixing the intrinsic value of them, for the purpose of estimating damages. Assuming that the contract in its inception was valid, unless the jury went the length of saying that there was a conspiracy on the date of its completion to prevent the defendant from carrying it out—which would be absurd—they would simply have to fix the amount of damages. A buyer, if he did not receive what he bought, was entitled to the difference between the price agreed upon and the price paid in open market. In this case, there was no market, really, as they had to look elsewhere to estimate the difference. He left to them the questions whether the contract was or was not a valid one, whether there was any intention on the 16th January to prevent its being carried out, and assuming that it was valid, and no such intention existed, to fix the amount of damages. Besides the difference, he reminded them, there was also the dividend, amounting to \$300, to be considered. He desired them to state categorically the conclusions they had arrived at, so that there could be no doubt as to their reasons for estimating the damages. The jury then retired, and after an absence of twenty minutes brought in the following verdict:—

1.—We hold that the contract was valid, as there is no evidence of any combination having existed on the 16th January, the date of the said contract.

2.—We hold that at some time after the date there was a combination to raise to a fictitious value the price of Rope shares, to which plaintiff was a party.

3.—It is our opinion that had the influence of this combination not been brought to bear on the market the price of these shares would not have advanced more than \$100 *cum* dividend. We therefore award plaintiff difference between the contract price and this sum, amounting on the 50 shares to \$300.

Mr. Leach asked for judgment for \$300 and costs, but after some discussion his lordship supported Mr. Francis' contention that, as the defendant had actually offered to settle at \$150 per share, which offer had been refused, the onus of the legal proceedings lay on the plaintiff. His lordship held that this was a case, the matter of costs being at the discretion of the judge, in which the plaintiff, although having obtained a verdict, was not entitled to a judgment for \$300, each party to pay his own costs.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

(We do not necessarily endorse the opinions expressed by Correspondents in this column.)

## THE MASONIC BALL 1889.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH." SIR.—It may be of interest to the Masonic Brethren generally, to learn that the whole of the subscriptions to the Ball held on the 25th February last—with one exception—have now been collected, all bills in connection therewith paid, and the accounts submitted and passed at a final meeting of the Ball Committee held at the Masonic Hall, Zealand Street, on the 3rd inst. The receipts from subscriptions and sale of sundry items that had been used for decorative purposes, amounted to \$782 58. The cost of the Ball was \$1,676 17, thus leaving a balance in hand of \$94 41.

This amount, the members of the Ball Committee present at the meeting above referred to, unanimously voted to the funds of the Alice Memorial Hospital, and a cheque has been forwarded to the Treasurer, by me, this day.

The financial result having been attained without any call whatever upon the Brethren who subscribed to the Guarantee Fund, will no doubt be considered satisfactory to those gentlemen.

All papers and documents relating to the Ball which may be of service upon some future occasion I have deposited with W. Bro. Gillies, Chairman of the late Committee.

Yours faithfully,  
ALF. WOOLLEY,  
Hon. Sec.  
Hongkong, 10th July, 1889.

## THE VOYAGE OF THE "RIEVER."

The *Riever*, a new yacht recently built in Shanghai for Captain Burdiss, of Kobe, was sailed from the former to the latter port. She is a small craft of the following dimensions:—Length over all ..... 40 ft. 0 in. Do. load water line ..... 31 ft. 9 in. Breadth extreme ..... 11 ft. 9 in. Draught of water extreme without centreboard ..... 4 ft. 7 in. Do. with centreboard down ..... 9 ft. 7 in. Displacement ..... 12 tons.

Here is Captain Burdiss' account of his trip:—

Kawachi, Hirado, 19th June.

I am now at anchor in the above named place and riding out a heavy gale from the southward; the gusts of wind are coming down off the hills with terrific force and the rain is blinding. Barometer is 29.50 and I feel content to be in such a safe place. I intended to have stayed here to-day anyhow, to get things dried up and all sorted. In order that I might give you a few particulars of my trip across I begin in time. Well, I left Woosung on Friday morning, the 14th June, about 6 o'clock, and commenced to battle against a fresh south-easter. The ebb carried me down to the inner lightship, where I anchored a little to the north of her in smooth water, but the flood tide and wind being so strong, I drifted with both anchors about 3 miles back again. I got underway on the next ebb and had a hard beat down, carrying double-reefed mainsail only. At 7 p.m. I passed the Tungsha lightship, and as I still had about two hours' favourable tide, I set the jib and let her go; crossing the banks and making out to the eastward, I got smoother water, and she went along very well. I was fully prepared for being horsed up to the northward by the flood tide, but I succeeded in passing Shawsheishan about 7 miles to the northward of it, and at midnight that night, Friday, the light on Shawsheishan bore N. by W. about 7 miles, and I then began to consider myself at sea, and as I got out to the eastward I knew it. There was a heavy sea rolling in from east to S.E. but I let her go and felt that I had a "real conning" little craft under me, and you would have been delighted if you could have seen her dodging those fearful rollers; sometimes she would take a direct header, like a fellow swimming and diving under a heavy surf, and come up on the other side, other times she would go over and sometimes through but giving me more confidence after each performance, and I saw that she was fit for any weather; but it must have been blowing a typhoon to raise such a sea and I was further convinced of it afterwards by the way the wind veered from E.S.E. to S.E. and afterwards to south. It was utterly impossible to write or do anything, for it took me all my time to watch her, so you must be content with the full distance made from Shawsheishan to the Goto Islands. I had a very rough time of it and I found that Nature's clothing, adorned with a little porpoise oil, would have been the proper thing. From the time I left Woosung until the present moment I have never had a dry skin and everything about me is wet; and as the sun was never once visible during the passage—it fact not until the present moment, for the rain has cleared off and old Jamaica has come out again—everything is spoiled, and all my new ropes are twice the size and as hard as iron, so much so that I cannot work them and I am obliged to stay here until I get them dried and softened.

I made Goto Light-house on Monday morning at 11.30, and at noon it was bearing north, dist. 3 miles, which makes the dist. now covered from Shawsheishan 55 miles in 50 hours, and most of the time I was under reefed storm mainsail. On Monday night I anchored in Tomie Minato Bay in Goto and left next morning at 8 o'clock, reaching this place at 6 p.m., a distance of 54 miles. I have gone more miles to make to reach Shimonezaki, but I am close and will have the coast on board all the time.

Shimonezaki, 21st June.

At 10 o'clock this morning I anchored here, having left Kawachi yesterday morning—had a beautiful day yesterday but rather too little wind. It was quite a treat to have the sun again. I haven't much more to say respecting the real cunning little craft—except that the more I see of her the better I like her. I was awfully glad to have had that storm trial with me. I could not possibly have carried the China lug through the bad weather I had. Not only would the boom have been much in the way, and dragging in the water, but there would have been much danger of carrying away the yard or something else. When the trysail was reefed it was a snug sail, as you may imagine, but I felt it was quite enough for her at times. I was much pleased to find my friend Sim here with his steam yacht—he arrived yesterday and was as long on the passage from Kobe as I was from Shanghai. We will start again to-morrow morning for Kobe and when we cannot sail, he will tow me, so I expect to reach my destination in time to catch the next Shanghai boat.

**MOTHER SEIGEL'S OPERATING PILLS,**  
FOR  
**CONSTIPATION,**  
**SLUGGISH LIVER, &c.**  
Unlike many kinds of cathartic medicines, do not make you feel worse before

you feel better. Their operation is gentle, but thorough, and unattended with disagreeable effects, such as nausea, griping pains, &c.

SEIGEL'S OPERATING PILLS are the best family physic that has ever been discovered. They cleanse the bowels from all irritating substances, and leave them in a healthy condition.

The best remedy extant for the bane of our lives—constipation and sluggish liver.

These Pills prevent fevers and all kinds of sickness, by removing all poisonous matter from the bowels. They operate briskly, yet mildly, without any pain.

If you take a severe cold, and are threatened with a fever, with pains in the head, back, and limbs, one or two doses of SEIGEL'S OPERATING PILLS will break up the cold and prevent the fever.

A coated tongue, with a brackish taste, is caused by foul matter in the stomach. A few doses of SEIGEL'S OPERATING PILLS will cleanse the stomach, remove the bad taste, and restore the appetite, and with it bring good health.

Often times sickness, or partially decayed food, causes sickness, nausea and diarrhoea. If the bowels are cleansed from this impurity with a dose of SEIGEL'S OPERATING PILLS, these disagreeable effects will vanish, and good health will result.

SEIGEL'S OPERATING PILLS prevent ill-effects from excess in eating or drinking. A good dose at bedtime renders a person fit for business in the morning.

These Pills, being Sugar-coated, are pleasant to take. The disagreeable taste common to most pills is obviated.

FOR SALE  
BY ALL CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS,  
AND MEDICINE VENDORS.

PROPRIETORS:  
A. J. WHITE, LIMITED,  
—Advt.—  
LONDON, ENG.

## Co-day's Advertisements.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY, & FOCHOW.

THE Company's Steamship

"HAIPHONG."

Captain Harris, will be despatched for the above

Ports, TO-MORROW, the 11th inst., at 10 A.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

DOUGLAS LARPAIK & Co.,

General Managers.

Hongkong, 10th July, 1889. [861]

THE SCOTTISH ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, SINGAPORE AND BANGKOK.

THE Company's Steamship

"DEVAVONGSE."

Captain P. H. Loff, will be despatched for the above

Ports, on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at 1 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

YUEN FAT HONG,

Agents.

Hongkong, 10th July, 1889. [862]

FOR SHANGHAI.

THE Steamship

"NINGPO."

Captain F. Schulz, will be despatched for the above

Port, on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at 4 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

SIEMSEN & Co.

Hongkong, 10th July, 1889. [864]

VICTORIA COLLEGE.

ABERDEEN STREET.

APPLICANTS for admission should be at the

College on FRIDAY, the 12th inst., at 4 A.M.

Boys must be accompanied by either

parents or guardians.

G. H. BATESON WRIGHT, M.A.,

Head Master.

Hongkong, 10th July, 1889. [365]

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

THE CHINESE AMUSEMENTS SYNDICATE LIMITED invite tenders for the

construction of a Switchback railway and steam

roundabout to be erected at Bowington within a

period of six weeks from the acceptance of the

Tender.

The specification and plans may be seen at

Mr. DENISON'S office. The Company do not

bind themselves to accept the lowest or any

Tender.

ARTHUR B. RODYK,

Solicitor for the Syndicate,

2, D'AGUIER Street.

Hongkong, 10th July 1889. [863]

**Masonic.**

ZETLAND LODGE,

No. 525.

AN EMERGENCY MEETING of the above

LODGE will be held in FREEMASONS' HALL, Zealand

Street, TOMORROW, the 11th inst., at 8.30 p.m. precisely. Visiting

Brethren are cordially invited.

Hongkong, 10th July, 1889. [855]

ST. JOHN LODGE

OF HONGKONG,

No. 618, S.C.

A REGULAR MEETING of the above

named Lodge will be held in FREEMASONS' HALL, Zealand

Street, on FRIDAY, the 12th inst., at 9.00 p.m. precisely. Visiting

Brethren are cordially invited.

Hongkong, 8th July, 1889. [854]

## Intimations.

WAN' ED.

A BOOK-KEEPER and ASSISTANT. A Europe, is required for BORNEO in the former capacity, and a Portuguese Office Assistant, with some knowledge of accounts, in the latter.

Apply with references by letter to  
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,  
Agents,  
The China Borneo Co., Ltd.  
Hongkong, 9th July, 1889. [860]

HONGKONG HIGH LEVEL TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Balance of FIFTY DOLLARS (\$50), due on each Share is now being Called up, and Shareholders are requested to pay the same to the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION on or before the 31st day of July instant.

Any Calls remaining unpaid after that date will be charged INTEREST at the rate of 50 per cent. per annum, in accordance with the Articles of Association.

MACWEEN, FRICKEL & Co.,  
General Managers.

Hongkong, 6th July, 1889. [848]

THE DAIRY FARM COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRA-ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Company's Office, No. 5, Stanley Street, Victoria, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 20th day of July instant, at 3 o'clock P.M., when the following Special Resolutions will be proposed, viz:—

1.—That the Capital of the Company be increased to the sum of \$100,000 by the issue of 7,000 NEW SHARES of \$10 each, and that the Memorandum of Association be altered accordingly.

2.—That of the said 7,000 New Shares, 3,000 be offered to the Persons who, on the 14th day of August, 1889, shall be registered Shareholders of the Company, in the proportion of one New Share for each Old Share held by them, and such offer shall be made by a notice specifying the number of New Shares which each of such registered Shareholders shall be entitled to take up, and limiting a time within which such offer is to be accepted, and such acceptance shall be made by letter addressed to the Secretary of the Company and by the payment to the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION of the sum of \$5 in respect of each new share applied for. The notice shall also state that if such offer be not accepted in manner aforesaid the same shall be deemed to be declined, and all such shares (if any) as are declined, together with the remaining 4,000 shares, shall be offered to the Public (including shareholders) in such manner and at such times and on such conditions as the Board may determine.

3.—That Article No. VI. Subsection 1. of the Company's Articles of Association be altered by inserting therein in lieu of the figures "30,000," the figures "100,000" and in lieu of the figures "3,000" the figures "10,000."

By Order of the Board,  
E. W. MAITLAND,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, 6th July, 1889. [847]

THE HONGKONG AND KOWLOON WHARF AND GODOWN COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRA-ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Company's Registered Office, No. 13, Praya, Victoria, Hongkong, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th July, 1889, at 12 o'clock Noon, the Objects and Business of which Meeting will be to submit for Confirmation the Special Resolutions passed at the Meeting held this Day.

By Order of the Board,

EDWARD OSBORNE,

Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, 2nd July, 1889. [833]

THE HONGKONG AND KOWLOON WHARF AND GODOWN COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that an INTERIM DIVIDEND OF TWO AND A HALF DOLLARS per Share will be payable to those Persons who are Registered Shareholders on 22nd July, 1889.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 22nd to 29th July, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,  
EDWARD OSBORNE,

Acting Secretary.

Hongkong 3rd July, 1889. [834]

THE STEAM LAUNCH COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE FIRST ORDINARY MEETING of the Company will be held at the HONGKONG HOTEL on TUESDAY, the 30th July, 1889, at 4 P.M.

By Order,

A. G. GORDON,

Secretary.

Hongkong, 29th June, 1889. [812]

NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, LIMITED.

A DIVIDEND for the Half-year ending 31st

March has been declared at the rate of

6% per annum. Coupons attached to gold share

warrants may be cashed and dividends on silver

share warrants issued locally will be paid on and

after 15th July at the Hongkong Branch Office.

H. A. HERBERT,

Manager.

Hongkong, 6th July, 1889. [846]

NOTICE.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL ROTISSERIE.

THE Alterations and Decorations to the

above favorite Resort being completed, it

is again open to the Public.

TERMS CASH.

C. M. ROBERTS,

Manager.

Hongkong, 11th June, 1889. [721]

NOTICE.

THOMAS KERR & Co.

ENGINEERS, BOILER-MAKERS,

AND

CONTRACTORS.

YAU-MA-TI ENGINEERING WORKS,

Kowloon.

Hongkong, 6th June, 1889. [703]

## Intimations.

GEORGE FENWICK & Co., LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that an INTERIM DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. on One Dollar and a Quarter per Share, will be payable to those Persons who are Registered Shareholders on the 14th July, 1889.

By Order,  
GEO. FENWICK,  
Manager.

Hongkong, 8th July, 1889. [856]

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY COMPANY, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ..... \$5,000,000  
PAID UP CAPITAL ..... 2,500,000  
RESERVE FUND ..... 1,250,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Hon. J. J. KESWICK, Chairman.

Hon. C. P. CHATER, Managing Directors.

E. A. SOLOMON, Esq., Vice-Chairman.

S. S. MOSES, Esq.,

G. C. MICHAELSEN, Esq.,

G. E. NOBLE, Esq.,

LEE SING, Esq.,

POON PONG, Esq.

BANKERS.

THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

MONEY advanced on Mortgage, on Land, and Buildings.

Properties purchased and sold.

Estates Managed and all kinds of Agency and Commission business relating to land, etc., conducted.

Full particulars can be obtained at the Company's Offices, No. 5, Queen's Road Central.



## Commercial.

**CLOSING QUOTATIONS.**  
 Hongkong and Shanghai Bank—192 per cent. premium, buyers.  
 Union Insurance Society of Canton—\$100 per share, sellers.  
 China Traders' Insurance Company—\$80 per share, sellers.  
 North China Insurance—Tls. 330 per share, buyers.  
 Canton Insurance Company, Limited—\$135 per share, buyers.  
 Yangtze Insurance Association—Tls. 100 per share.  
 On Tai Insurance Company, Limited—Tls. 150, per share.  
 Hongkong Fire Insurance Company—\$385 per share, buyers.  
 China Fire Insurance Company—\$86 per share, buyers.  
 Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company—\$5 per share, premium, sellers.  
 Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Co.—\$75 per share, sellers.  
 China and Manila Steam Ship Company—140 per share, sellers.  
 Hongkong Gas Company—\$135 per share, sellers.  
 Hongkong Hotel Company—\$240 per share, buyers.  
 Hongkong Hotel Co.'s Six per cent. Debentures—\$501.  
 Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, Limited—par, ex. div. sellers.  
 Douglas Steamship Company—\$83 per share, sellers.  
 China Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$289 per share, sellers.  
 Luson Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$123 per share, sellers.  
 Hongkong Ice Company—\$125 per share, buyers.  
 Hongkong and China Bakery Company, Limited—\$80 per share.  
 Hongkong Dairy Farm Co., Limited—\$14 per share, buyers.  
 A. S. Watson & Co., Limited—150 per cent. premium, sellers.  
 Chinese Imperial Loan of 1884 B—23 per cent. premium, sellers.  
 Chinese Imperial Loan of 1884 C—5 per cent. premium, sellers.  
 Chinese Imperial Loan of 1886 E—1 per cent. premium.  
 Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Company, Limited—\$160 per share, nominal.  
 The Hongkong Steam Laundry Co., Ltd.—\$25 per share, nominal.  
 Puntion and Sunghie Dux Samant Mining Co.—\$35 per share, ex. New Issue, sellers.  
 Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company—\$197 per share, sellers.  
 Tongking Coal Mining Co.—\$650 per share, nominal.  
 The Hongkong High-Level Tramway Co., Limited—nominal.  
 The East Borneo Planting Co., Limited—\$55 per share, sellers.  
 The Seng Koyah Planting Co., Ltd.—\$55 per share, buyers.  
 Cruickshank & Co., Ltd.—\$40 per share, nom.  
 The Steam Launch Co., Limited—nominal.  
 The Austin Arms Hotel and Building Co., Ltd.—par.  
 The China-Borneo Co., Ltd.—\$50 per share, buyers.  
 The Hongkong Brick and Cement Co., Ltd.—\$214 per share, sellers.  
 The Green Island Cement Co. (Old Issue)—\$50 per share, buyers.  
 The Green Island Cement Co. (New Issue)—\$14 per share, buyers.  
 The Hongkong Land Investment Co., Ltd.—\$143 per share, buyers.  
 The Hongkong Electric Light Co., Ltd.—\$64 per share, sellers.  
 Geo. Fenwick & Co., Limited—\$33 per share, sellers.  
 The West Point Buildings Co., Ltd.—\$50 per share, sellers.  
 The Peak Hotel and Trading Co., Ltd.—\$25 per share, buyers.  
 The Labuk Planting Co., Ltd.—\$16 per share, sellers.  
 The Jebleu Mining and Trading Co., Ltd.—\$8 per share, sellers and buyers.  
 The Salsen Tin Mining Co., Ltd.—\$6 per share, sales and buyers.  
 The Shamen Hotel Co., Ltd.—\$8 per share.

**EXCHANGE.**  
 ON LONDON.—Bank, T. T. 3/04  
 Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight 3/08  
 Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight 3/11  
 Credits at 4 months' sight 3/18  
 Documentary Bills, at 4 months' sight 3/18  
 ON PARIS.—Bank, T. T. 3/84  
 Credits, at 4 months' sight 3/92  
 On Demand 3/26  
 ON INDIA, T. T. 2/27  
 On Demand 2/27  
 ON SHANGHAI.—Bank, T. T. 7/21  
 Private, 30 days' sight 7/21

## OPIUM MARKET.—THIS DAY.

OLD MALWA, per picul ..... \$600  
 (Allowance, Tels. 80).  
 NEW PATNA, (without choice) per chest ..... \$571  
 NEW PATNA, (first choice) per chest ..... \$520  
 NEW PATNA, (bottom) per chest ..... \$527  
 NEW PATNA, (second choice) per chest ..... \$575  
 NEW BENGAL, (without choice) per chest ..... \$503  
 NEW BENGAL, (bottom) per chest ..... \$510  
 NEW PERSIAN (best quality) per picul ..... \$550  
 OLD PERSIAN (best quality) per picul ..... \$500  
 OLD PERSIAN (second quality) per picul ..... \$475

## CHINA COAST METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

STATION	Barometer reduced to sea level	Thermom- eter at 5 ft. high	Tempera- ture.	Humidity.	Wind.		Weather.	Rain fall.
					Direction.	Force.		
Wailuotok	30.70	85	...	...	SW	1	g	...
Tokio	30.64	...	...	...	SW	1	...	...
Nagasaki	30.55	...	...	...	SW	4	...	0.0
Shanghai	30.50	...	...	...	SW	4	...	0.0
Amoy	30.78	90	73	...	SW	3	...	...
Hankow	30.78	86	73	...	SW	3	...	...
Swatow	30.78	86	73	...	SW	3	...	...
Hailuoguo	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Shanghai	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Amoy	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Swatow	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Hailuoguo	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Shanghai	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Amoy	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Swatow	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Hailuoguo	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Shanghai	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Amoy	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Swatow	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Hailuoguo	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Shanghai	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Amoy	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Swatow	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Hailuoguo	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Shanghai	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Amoy	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
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Hailuoguo	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Shanghai	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Amoy	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Swatow	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
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Amoy	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
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Amoy	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
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Hailuoguo	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Shanghai	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Amoy	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
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Shanghai	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
Amoy	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
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Hailuoguo	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
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Amoy	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
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Shanghai	30.80	86	69	...	SW	3	...	...
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